



CCSBT-EC/1910/04

Report from the Secretariat

Overview

This report provides a summary of the main activities of the Secretariat since the Twenty Fifth Annual Meeting of the CCSBT in October 2018.

This report also contains three specific matters for consideration by the Extended Commission (EC):

1. Whether to adopt a minor revision to the Chairing Arrangements for CCSBT Subsidiary Bodies;
2. Whether to commence recruitment of a new Executive Secretary or to extend the current Executive Secretary's contract by one year; and
3. Whether to adopt a more contemporary format for CCSBT's Financial Statements;

Officials of the CCSBT

The following official positions in the CCSBT were nominated, appointed or held during 2019.

| Officer | Name | Date nominated / appointed |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Chair – Commission & Extended Commission | Mr Asanda Njobeni | 5 November 2018 |
| Vice Chair – Commission & Extended Commission | Mr Shingo Ota | 18 October 2018 |
| Chair – Compliance Committee | Mr Frank Meere | 16 October 2015 ^{*1} |
| Chair – SC/ESC | Dr Kevin Stokes | 1 November 2017 ^{*2} |
| Chair – ERSWG | Mr Alexander Morison | 22 February 2011 ^{*3} |

^{*1} The CC Chair is appointed for a three-year term with the possibility of up to two reappointments. The CC Chair's second term expires at the end of CCSBT 28 during October 2021.

^{*2} The SC/ESC Chair is appointed for a three-year term with the possibility of up to two reappointments. The SC/ESC Chair's first term expires on 1 November 2020.

^{*3} The Chair of the Ecologically Related Species Working Group (ERSWG) is appointed for a term of at least two ERSWG meetings with the possibility of up to two reappointments. The ERSWG Chair has one more ERSWG meeting remaining on his current term, which is also his last term.

The Chairing arrangements for CCSBT subsidiary bodies was approved at CCSBT 23. A new subsidiary body (the Technical Compliance Working Group) was created at CCSBT 25 and it is recommended that the EC adopt a minor revision to the Chairing arrangements to incorporate the arrangements for the new subsidiary body. A draft of the revised Chairing arrangements is provided at **Attachment A**.

Consultants to the CCSBT

The Secretariat engaged six consultants to assist the CCSBT in selected scientific meetings during 2019. These comprised:

- The CCSBT's independent Scientific Advisory Panel, consisting of Drs Ana Parma, Jim Ianelli and Sean Cox. Dr Cox was appointed to replace Professor John Pope as advised in Circular #2019/003.
- Two new experts to assist the ESC in development of methodologies for estimating possible unaccounted mortalities for farms and markets, these being Dr Ana Gordo (farms) and Dr Shelley Clarke (markets) as advised in Circular #2019/014.
- A technical coding consultant (Dr D'Arcy Webber) in relation to the CCSBT's Operating Model and Management Procedure.

Secretariat Staff and Office Management

The Secretariat's staff comprised 5 full-time positions and 2 casual, part-time positions during 2019. These were:

- Executive Secretary;
- Deputy Executive Secretary;
- Database Manager;
- Compliance Manager;
- Office Administrator (1 full-time position, but shared by two people working part-time);
- Data Entry Officer (casual, part-time); and
- Compliance Assistant (casual, part-time).

There have been no changes in the Secretariat's staff since CCSBT 25. However, one of the part-time Office Administrators will be taking twelve months of maternity leave from October 2019.

The Executive Secretary's contract expires on 30 October 2020. The Commission should consider whether it wishes to appoint a new Executive Secretary by this date or extend the current Executive Secretary's contract for one year¹. Appointment and re-appointment of the Executive Secretary is a task of the Commission, not the Extended Commission. However, the CCSBT's "Resolution to Establish an Extended Commission and an Extended Scientific Committee" requires that:

"Any decision of the Commission that affects the operation of the Extended Commission or the rights, obligations or status of any individual Member within the Extended Commission should not be taken without prior due deliberation of that issue by the Extended Commission"

Consequently, the Extended Commission needs to deliberate on this matter before a decision is taken by the Commission.

¹ There is no limit to the number of reappointments for this position. The Executive Secretary is happy for his current contract to be extended by one year but does not plan to continue for another full three-year term. A one-year extension would enable the Executive Secretary to assist with the Performance Review of the CCSBT that will be conducted during 2021.

Financial

The preparation of CCSBT's Financial Statements for 2018 was conducted according to schedule. The Financial Statements were reviewed by the Australian National Audit Office (ANAO) and distributed to Members in Circular #2019/026. The outcomes of ANAO's review identified no items of concern.

CCSBT 25 altered the CCSBT's Financial Regulations to allow the appointment of an internationally recognised independent auditor instead of only the Auditor-General or equivalent statutory authority from a Member. The Secretariat obtained quotes from three auditors as reported in Circular #2019/032 and Members agreed to appoint RSM as the new auditor for the CCSBT's financial statements (see Circular #2019/037). The change will result in an annual saving in audit costs of approximately \$11,000.

The basic format and style of CCSBT's formal Financial Statements have remained largely unchanged since its Financial Statements for 1996. There may be some value in trying to adopt a more contemporary format for the CCSBT's Financial Statements. Contemporary Financial Statements should be easier to read and be more meaningful to the average reader. An example of more modern statements is the Australian Fishery Management Authority's 2017-2018 Financial Statements, which can be found at:

<https://www.afma.gov.au/annual-report-2017-18/part-5-financial-performance-report-and-statements>

The Extended Commission is invited to consider whether it wishes to update the CCSBT's Financial Statements into a more contemporary format. It is expected that this would cost approximately \$4,000.

A draft revised budget for 2019 and a draft budget for 2020, including indicative budgets for 2021 and 2022 will be provided for the EC's consideration in meeting documents CCSBT-EC/1910/05 and CCSBT-EC/1910/06.

Organisation of CCSBT Meetings

The Secretariat has organised, or is in the process of organising, the following CCSBT meetings since CCSBT 25:

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| CCSBT Maturity Workshop | 7-8 May 2019 |
| Thirteenth Meeting of the Ecologically Related Species Working Group | 28-31 May 2019 |
| Tenth Operating Model and Management Procedure Technical meeting | 24-28 June 2019 |
| Informal Operating Model and Management Procedure Technical meeting | 1 September 2019 |
| Twenty Fourth Meeting of the Scientific Committee, incorporating the Extended Scientific Committee | 2-7 September 2019 |
| Informal Compliance Technical Working Group Meeting | 9 October 2019 |
| Fourteenth Meeting of the Compliance Committee | 10-12 October 2019 |
| Twenty Sixth Annual Meeting of the Commission, incorporating the Extended Commission | 14-17 October 2019 |

Translation of the 2018 meeting reports into Japanese has been completed and the translated reports have been placed onto the CCSBT web site. Bound versions of the reports for 2018 meetings have been completed and distributed.

Organisation of meeting venues for 2020 is underway, with quotes obtained and preferred venues selected. As at the time of writing this report, the preferred venues were available for the tentative meeting dates that were agreed intersessionally and notified to Members in Circular #2019/027:

| Meeting | City | Tentative meeting date |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| SC/ESC 25 | Tokyo, Japan | Mon. 31 Aug. – Sat. 5 Sep. 2020 |
| CC 15 | Sapporo, Japan | Thu. 8 – Sat. 10 Oct. 2020 |
| CCSBT 27 | | Mon. 12 – Thu. 15 Oct. 2020 |

It is anticipated that the Eleventh Operating Model and Management Procedure Technical meeting will be held in Seattle during June/July 2020. It is planned that the dates for this meeting will be arranged between the Executive Secretary and participating scientists as per past practise. In addition, an Informal Compliance Committee Technical Working Group Meeting could be held on 7 October 2020, immediately before the Compliance Committee meeting.

Attendance at meetings with other organisations since CCSBT 25

The Compliance Manager attended three meetings in Bangkok during February 2019, these being:

- The Seafood and Fisheries Emerging Technology Conference (13-16 February);
- The Sixth Global Fisheries Enforcement Training Workshop (GFETW) of the International Monitoring and Control and Surveillance Network (18-22 February); and
- The Third meeting of the Tuna Compliance Network (23-24 February).

The Chair of the Compliance Committee also attended the GFETW and Tuna Compliance Network meetings.

Proposed Attendance at meetings with other organisations between CCSBT 25 and CCSBT 26

It is proposed that:

- The Compliance Manager attend the fourth meeting of the Tuna Compliance Network (likely to be held during February 2019 in Pohnpei, Federated States of Micronesia) and the 12th and 13th meetings of the Data Collection Committee (likely to be held during November 2019 in Noumea, New Caledonia and in August 2020 in Honiara, Solomon Islands); and
- The Executive Secretary attend the Thirty-Fourth Session of the Committee on Fisheries (COFI): 13-17 July, FAO, Rome, Italy and associated meetings².

The Secretariat is not currently aware of other meetings that it needs to attend during 2020. However, if relevant meetings arise, the Secretariat would consider attendance based on the relevance of the agenda and the budget.

² The associated meetings are likely to include: Eighth meeting of the Regional Fishery Body Secretariat's Network; Kobe Process Steering Committee meeting; Tuna RFMO Secretariat's meeting; and a meeting of the Common Oceans ABNJ Tuna Project.

Outsourced Projects

The Secretariat has contracted the following projects for the CCSBT to be conducted during 2019:

- Long term Gene tagging (with CSIRO);
- Close-kin sampling, DNA extraction and sequencing (with CSIRO);
- Close-kin identification and exchange (with CSIRO); and
- Sampling and ageing of Indonesian SBT Otoliths (with CSIRO).

CCSBT Circulars

Circulars are used to issue requests and to distribute information to Members. A summary list of circulars is maintained on the private area of the CCSBT web site for easy reference by Members. The summary list contains the circular number, date, subject(s), whether a response is required, the due date for a response and the outcome (or a reference to the location of the outcome). The list of circulars gives an indication of the add-hoc and “once-off” intersessional activities of the Secretariat and EC. Sixty-three Circulars were issued between CCSBT 25 and 8 August 2019.

CCSBT Web site

The web site continues to be an actively updated and actively used information tool for both CCSBT members and the general public. The public side of the CCSBT website was updated immediately after CCSBT 25 to incorporate the results and decisions from the 2018 meetings of the CCSBT.

In accordance with the decision from CCSBT 25, a [new page](#) has been added to the website to provide public access to documents submitted to past meetings of the CCSBT³. This page has been populated with meeting documents back to 2003.

Update to the Secretariat’s Phone system

The Secretariat migrated its telephone system from an analogue PABX to a digital cloud-based PBX during May 2019 (the telephone number remains unchanged). A change was necessary due to the implementation of Australia’s National Broadband Network in which analogue telephone lines are discontinued. The Secretariat’s new system is approximately cost neutral for 2019⁴ and is expected to reduce telephone costs by about 70% from 2020 and onwards.

³ Excluding documents that have been classified by the CCSBT as being confidential.

⁴ The cost of new hardware was offset by the savings in telephone line charges.

Participation in the Fisheries Resource Monitoring System (FIRMS)

The CCSBT is a partner in FAO's FIRMS system. During 2018/19, the Secretariat met the CCSBT's obligations to FIRMS by:

- Updating the CCSBT fact sheet for southern bluefin tuna by incorporating the ESC's latest stock status report together with relevant decisions from CCSBT 25; and
- Supplying agreed data to FIRMS.

Integrated MCS Measures

Managing and implementing the CCSBT MCS measures continues to be a significant component of the Secretariat's work. Since CCSBT 25, this has included:-

- For the CDS:
 - Running CDS data reconciliations, and following up on errors and missing information and forms;
 - Maintenance and improvement of the CDS database and software including transitioning to operate on SPC's TUFMAN2 platform, as well as providing information on potential costs to develop and implement an electronic CDS (eCDS);
 - Processing CDS validation details and developing a new authorised validator on-line submission, update and search tool based on the TUFMAN 2 platform;
 - Producing 6 monthly and annual CDS reports;
 - Coordinating the purchase of centralised tags for use with the CDS; and
 - Continuing the review process of the existing CDS Resolution.
- As per the request of CCSBT 25, investigating alternative sources of trade statistics to the Global Trade Atlas (COMTRADE was examined), and conducting trade-related follow-ups with Members and Non-Members.
- Managing the CCSBT records of Authorised Fishing Vessels, Carrier Vessels and Farms.
- Managing the operation of the CCSBT transshipment resolution, including consultation regarding implementation of the transshipment Memorandum of Cooperation with the WCPFC and the Transshipment MoU (transitioning to a LoA) with the IOTC.
- Managing the operation of the Resolution for Minimum Standards for Inspection in Port.
- Managing initial quota allocations and final catch by vessel/company data and associated access permissions.
- Checking for any submissions in relation to the CCSBT IUU Vessel List Resolution and examining the cross-listing provision.
- Preparing revised draft Compliance Measures and associated Resolutions.
- Producing reports for the Compliance Committee and informal Technical Compliance Working Group.
- Monitoring the availability of external funds for undertaking an AIS analysis study by Trygg Mat Tracking (TMT) and coordinating with the Common Oceans ABNJ Tuna Project administered by the FAO to help secure funding for the project to proceed.
- Liaising with the PEW Ending Illegal Fishing team with respect to its development of a 'carrier portal'

CCSBT Catch Reporting (excluding scientific data exchange)

Monthly Catch Reports

The Secretariat has continued to compile these statistics and has loaded them to the private area of the CCSBT web site on a monthly basis, providing email notification to members when updates occur. In addition, an online submission and update facility has been developed (based on the TUFMAN2 platform) so that Members can manage their own monthly catch report data in future.

Reporting of Initial Quota Allocations and Final Catches by Vessel/Company

The Secretariat has provided reminders to each Member for submitting this information. On receiving the information, the Secretariat has loaded this information to a special section of the private area of the CCSBT web site. This information is only available to those who have agreed to share it and have applied for and been granted access to this information in accordance with the Rules and Procedures for the Protection, Access to, and Dissemination of Data compiled by the CCSBT.

CCSBT Surface Tagging Program

Tag deployment ceased after the 2006/07 season and the Secretariat's involvement in this program now relates only to tag recovery activity. Between 13 and 71 tagged SBT per year were recaptured each year from 2013 to 2018. The number reported recaptured so far during 2019 was 0 SBT as at 7 August 2019. The number of recaptured tags is expected to decline each year.

Database Developments and Data Exchange

The CCSBT Data CD and associated documentation was updated and provided to Members on 31 January 2019. An interim update of the Data CD containing information from the 2019 Data Exchange was also placed on the private area of the CCSBT website on 3 June 2019.

The Secretariat managed the 2019 scientific data exchange, which involved active exchange of data between Members and the Secretariat mainly between April and mid-June. The Secretariat conducted substantial post-processing of the data to produce derived datasets that were required as part of the data exchange.

The Sixth annual ERSWG Data Exchange occurred during 2019. All Members have submitted ERS data required for this data exchange. The European Union had no SBT catch and therefore had no relevant data to submit for the ERSWG Data Exchange which is defined as being for "shots/sets where SBT was either targeted or caught".

At the time of finalising this report, the database was up to date for all data received.

In conjunction with Shore Informatics, the Secretariat has continued upgrading its database and has developed a "Monthly Catch Reports" module and a "Authorised Validator" module that will allow Members to provide this information directly through an on-line interface. These modules are being tested by the Secretariat and it is expected that they will be available for testing by Members by the end of 2019.

Consolidated List of Authorised Vessels (CLAV)

The main purpose of the tuna RFMOs Consolidated List of Authorised Vessels, or CLAV is to make the information about authorised vessels available to help fight and deter IUU activities. The CLAV consolidates authorised vessel information from the five tuna RFMOs and reduces the human burden in determining which vessels are authorised to fish in which areas. Furthermore, the process of consolidating the tuna RFMOs' authorised vessel lists enables discrepancies between the lists to be identified and enables these discrepancies to be investigated and for errors to be corrected, which improves the data quality.

The CLAV is available at <http://clav.iotc.org/browser>. A web page has also been established in the Authorised Vessel and Farms section of the CCSBT web site to provide easy access to the CLAV.

Basic statistics on usage of the CLAV from Google Analytics are provided below⁵:

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 ⁶ |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|
| Countries | 71 | 67 | 60 | 72 |
| Locations (cities) | 274 | 264 | 274 | 260 |
| Sessions ⁷ | 2,322 | 2,463 | 2,320 | 2,238 |
| New Users ⁸ | 629 | 562 | 673 | 603 |

From a CCSBT Secretariat perspective, the CLAV is a convenient way of examining the authorisation of a vessel over multiple t-RFMOs. However, the Secretariat's use of the CLAV is infrequent as demonstrated by CLAV usage statistics which indicates that the total number of sessions for all of Canberra during 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 were only 50, 22, 34 and 32 respectively.

Information provided by the other t-RFMOs indicates that ICCAT, IOTC and WCPFC use reports provided by the CLAV Specialist to follow-up on duplicates and discrepancies in their vessel databases. They also consult the CLAV on infrequent occasions (once a month or less) to search for vessels of interest, or when a problem or "strange" activity has been reported. The IATTC does not use the CLAV except to add its own authorised vessels to the CLAV. A breakdown of CLAV sessions during 2018 by country and city is provided in **Attachment B** to give an indication of the geographical spread of CLAV users.

Since mid-2014, with the support of the Common Oceans ABNJ Tuna Project, FAO has been providing the expertise and technical assistance for maintaining and updating the CLAV at close-to-real time. Updates are conducted by automated daily communications between each t-RFMO and the CLAV. The main cost in maintaining the CLAV relates to resolving errors, discrepancies and duplicates of vessel data in the CLAV.

⁵ This information was provided by the Common Oceans Tuna Project CLAV Specialist on 23 October 2018. The information excludes locations with high frequency of use corresponding to places the CLAV Specialist was working from in different years.

⁶ Data for 2018 is incomplete (it is only up to 25 November 2018).

⁷ Sessions represent the number of individual sessions initiated by all the users to the CLAV. If a user is inactive on the CLAV for 30 minutes or more, any future activity is attributed to a new session.

⁸ These are users navigating to the CLAV site for the first time on a specific device. If the user has cleared the cookies on the device since the last visit, the user will be counted as a New User again.

Funding for CLAV maintenance by the Common Oceans ABNJ Tuna Project will cease in September 2019⁹. After this date, if the t-RFMOs wish to continue maintaining the CLAV, the latest estimates indicate that funding of approximately US\$36,000-54,000 per year will be required in order to continue the current level of CLAV maintenance. One option is for the 5 tuna RFMOs to jointly fund maintenance of the CLAV. If the costs were distributed amongst the tuna RFMOs in accordance with the number of vessels authorised by each tuna RFMO, the CCSBT's contribution would be about US\$2,000 per year¹⁰*Error! Bookmark not defined.*

However, there has been very little discussion on the cost allocation method. Furthermore, as at the time of preparing this report, the Secretariat was not aware of any specific plans by the other t-RFMOs to continue the funding of CLAV maintenance. Consequently, the Secretariat has not allocated any funds for CLAV maintenance in the Draft Budget for 2020.

Nevertheless, the workplan of the Tuna Compliance Network includes elements to look at whether the CLAV data checking could be carried out internally within each tuna RFMO by its own personnel and to, *“Continue to monitor whether any alternative funding for maintaining the CLAV into 2020 has been identified (including funding from tuna RFMOs or from non-governmental organizations)”*

In the absence of funding, the CLAV can continue to be automatically updated from the Tuna RFMO databases. However, the data quality of both the CLAV and the individual tuna RFMO database will degrade over time without the data checking process that is currently funded through the Common Oceans Tuna Project.

Prepared by the Secretariat

⁹ However, there are indications that the FAO might fund the CLAV until February 2020.

¹⁰ As at 9 August 2019, the CLAV contained 17,446 records of authorised vessels from the 5 tuna RFMOs. Only 671 (3.846%) of these records were for vessels authorised by the CCSBT.

Chairing Arrangements for CCSBT Subsidiary Bodies

(~~Approved~~Revised at the Twenty ~~Sixth~~Third Annual Meeting:— ~~10-17~~3 October 2019~~6~~)

Introduction

The Commission for the Conservation of Southern Bluefin Tuna (CCSBT) has a number of Subsidiary Bodies, see Annex 1. By nature of the roles, the Chairing arrangements for each body vary. At CCSBT ~~26~~3, the Extended Commission agreed to the following arrangements for Chairing of CCSBT subsidiary bodies.

The agreed Chairing arrangements for CCSBT subsidiary bodies and technical working groups are provided below together with the general process for selection and appointments of Chairs.

It is expected that the chair of subsidiary bodies will act with independence at all times, regardless of employment or nationality. The following tables present the agreed Chairing arrangements for CCSBT subsidiary bodies.

Subsidiary bodies

Scientific Committee and Extended Scientific Committee

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Responsibility for appointment | Extended Commission appoints the Chair |
| Appointment term | Three years |
| Reappointments | Twice |
| Independence | The chair shall not be an officer or official of a CCSBT Member government at the time of appointment nor throughout the term of the contract, except where Members reach a consensus to choose an individual, but can be a national of a Member country. |

Compliance Committee

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Responsibility for appointment | Extended Commission appoints the Chair |
| Appointment term | Three years |
| Reappointments | Twice |
| Independence | The chair shall not be an officer or official of a CCSBT Member government at the time of appointment nor throughout the term of the contract, except where Members reach a consensus to choose an individual, but can be a national of a Member country. |

Ecologically Related Species Working Group

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Responsibility for appointment | Extended Commission appoints the Chair |
| Appointment term | At least two ERSWG meetings (note meetings are usually held every 18-24 months) |
| Reappointments | Twice |
| Independence | The chair shall not be an officer or official of a CCSBT Member government at the time of appointment nor throughout the term of the contract, except where Members reach a consensus to choose an individual, but can be a national of a Member country. |

Compliance Committee Working Group and Technical Compliance Working Group

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Responsibility for appointment | The Chair of the Compliance Committee chairs the Compliance Committee Working Group <u>and the Technical Compliance Working Group</u> where available, as per Compliance Committee Chair's contract. |
| Appointment term | As per Compliance Committee Chair |
| Reappointments | As per Compliance Committee Chair |
| Independence | As per Compliance Committee Chair |

Finance and Administration Committee

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Responsibility for appointment | Extended Commission elects the Chair prior to the Finance and Administration Committee meeting. |
| Appointment term | Year by year |
| Reappointments | Yes – no limit, noting the Extended Commission agrees the Chair for each meeting. |
| Independence | Can be a Member country delegate. |

Strategy and Fisheries Management Working Group

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| | Proposed |
| Responsibility for appointment | Host country appoints the Chair unless the Extended Commission agrees otherwise. |
| Appointment term | Meeting by meeting |
| Reappointments | Yes – no limit, noting the Extended Commission may agree otherwise. |
| Independence | Can be a Member country delegate. |

Technical Working Groups

The Catch Per Unit Effort Working Group and Operating Model and Management Procedure Technical Working Group, chaired by Independent Scientific Panel members, are highly technical working groups of the Extended Scientific Committee. They are not established under the CCSBT convention nor created by the Extended Commission. The Independent Scientific Panel's engagement in leading these working groups has been critical to the Extended Scientific Committee's processes.

Catch per Unit Effort Working Group

| | |
|------------------|---|
| | Current |
| Chair | Chaired by an Independent Scientific Panel member |
| Appointment term | Not defined |
| Reappointments | Not defined |
| Independence | Chaired by a member of the Independent Scientific Panel |

Operating Model and Management Procedure Technical Meeting

| | Current |
|------------------|---|
| Chair | Chaired by an Independent Scientific Panel member |
| Appointment term | Not defined |
| Reappointments | Not defined |
| Independence | Chaired by a member of the Independent scientific panel |

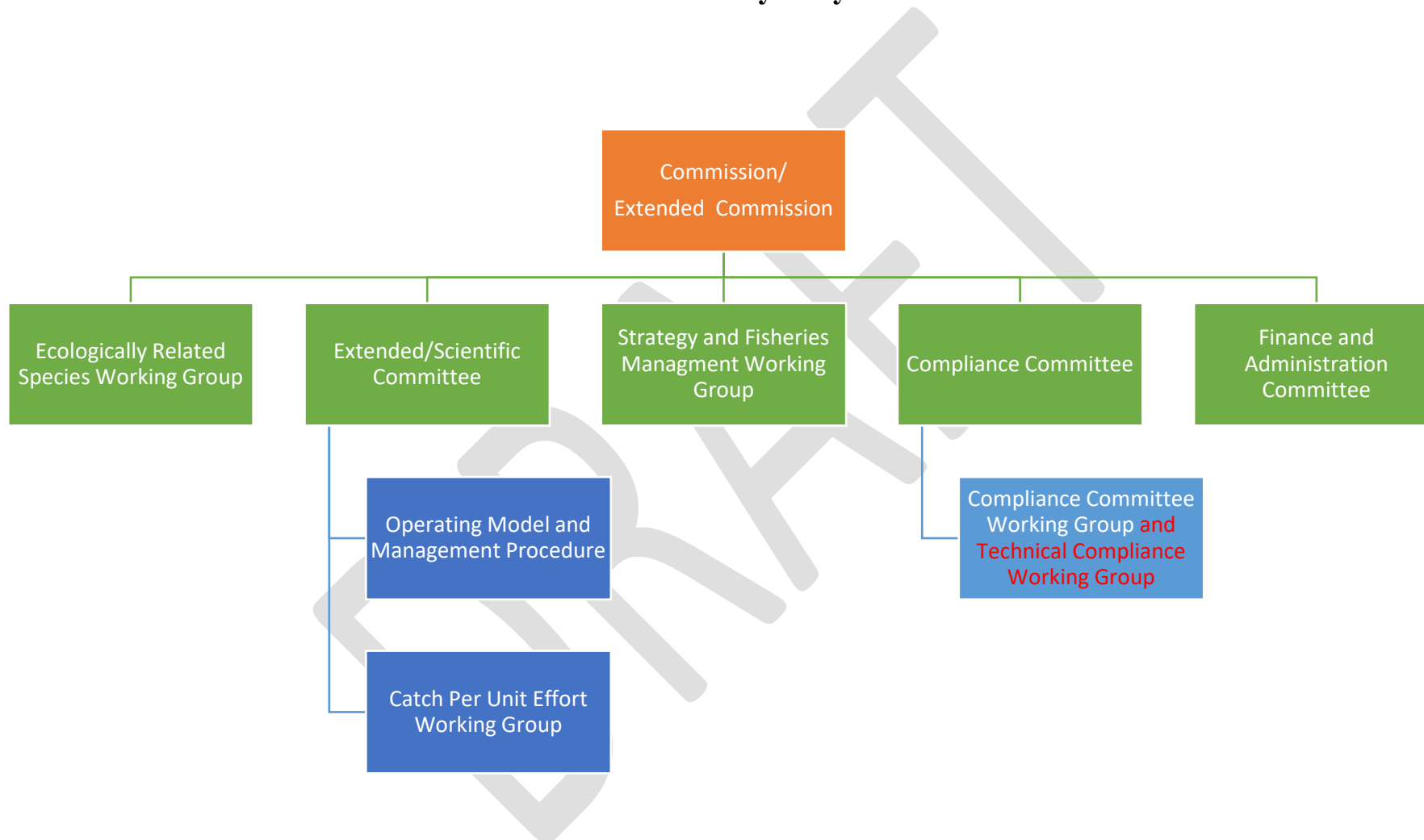
Process for Selection and Appointment of Chairs

The general process for selection and appointment of Chairs of Subsidiary bodies is:

1. Secretariat confirms process and timing of process by Circular (or at meeting as required)
2. Secretariat calls for nominations by Circular (and advertises as appropriate)
3. Secretariat distributes nominees' applications to members to rank
4. Secretariat tallies votes
5. Successful candidate is notified
6. Members notified of successful candidate

DRAFT

CCSBT Subsidiary Body Structure



CLAV sessions during 2018 by country and city

| Country | City | Sessions |
|-------------|---------------------------|----------|
| Australia | Adelaide | 3 |
| Australia | Canberra | 32 |
| Australia | Darwin | 1 |
| Australia | Hobart | 8 |
| Australia | Melbourne | 1 |
| Australia | Perth | 3 |
| Australia | Sydney | 3 |
| Bangladesh | (not set) | 1 |
| Belgium | Brussels | 4 |
| Botswana | (not set) | 2 |
| Brazil | (not set) | 1 |
| Brazil | Acarau | 1 |
| Brazil | Guarulhos | 1 |
| Canada | Burnaby | 1 |
| Canada | Dartmouth | 1 |
| Canada | Halifax | 1 |
| Canada | Montreal | 1 |
| Canada | Nanaimo | 1 |
| Canada | Ottawa | 7 |
| Canada | Toronto | 1 |
| Chile | Arica | 1 |
| China | Beijing | 1 |
| China | Nanning | 1 |
| Colombia | Arjona | 1 |
| Colombia | Barranquilla | 2 |
| Colombia | Bogota | 2 |
| Costa Rica | (not set) | 91 |
| Costa Rica | San Jose | 20 |
| Croatia | Porec | 3 |
| Croatia | Sesvete | 1 |
| Denmark | Aalborg | 1 |
| Denmark | Copenhagen | 5 |
| Denmark | Glostrup | 14 |
| Ecuador | (not set) | 3 |
| Ecuador | Guayaquil | 2 |
| Ecuador | Manta | 25 |
| Ecuador | Portoviejo | 3 |
| El Salvador | Santa Tecla | 2 |
| Fiji | Suva | 5 |
| Finland | Helsinki | 1 |
| France | Brest | 1 |
| France | La Couronne | 1 |
| France | Massy | 1 |
| France | Montreuil | 3 |
| France | Paris | 7 |
| France | Ploemeur | 5 |
| France | Saint-Gilles-Croix-de-Vie | 3 |
| France | Sete | 1 |
| France | Vincennes | 21 |
| Germany | Bremen | 13 |
| Germany | Hamburg | 8 |
| Germany | Munich | 3 |

| | | |
|------------------|--------------------|----|
| Honduras | (not set) | 1 |
| Hong Kong | (not set) | 2 |
| Hong Kong | Hong Kong | 1 |
| India | Hyderabad | 1 |
| Indonesia | Denpasar | 1 |
| Indonesia | Depok | 1 |
| Indonesia | Jakarta | 44 |
| Indonesia | Kuta | 1 |
| Indonesia | Kuta Selatan | 1 |
| Indonesia | Makassar | 1 |
| Ireland | Cobh | 1 |
| Israel | Haifa | 1 |
| Israel | Or Yehuda | 6 |
| Italy | Ancona | 2 |
| Italy | Bergamo | 4 |
| Italy | Imola | 1 |
| Italy | Ispra | 1 |
| Italy | Milan | 4 |
| Italy | Naples | 2 |
| Italy | Rome | 19 |
| Japan | (not set) | 1 |
| Japan | Chiyoda | 16 |
| Japan | Chuo | 45 |
| Japan | Fujieda | 33 |
| Japan | Fukuoka | 1 |
| Japan | Kitakyushu | 1 |
| Japan | Koto | 3 |
| Japan | Minato | 6 |
| Japan | Nagoya | 3 |
| Japan | Osaka | 1 |
| Japan | Saitama | 1 |
| Japan | Sapporo | 1 |
| Japan | Shibuya | 1 |
| Japan | Shinjuku | 8 |
| Japan | Shizuoka | 16 |
| Japan | Yaizu | 6 |
| Japan | Yokohama | 3 |
| Kazakhstan | Almaty | 1 |
| Malaysia | Bukit Mertajam | 8 |
| Malaysia | Kuala Lumpur | 2 |
| Malaysia | Kuching | 1 |
| Maldives | (not set) | 1 |
| Malta | Saint Julian's | 48 |
| Malta | San Gwann | 1 |
| Marshall Islands | (not set) | 3 |
| Mauritania | Nouakchott | 1 |
| Mauritius | (not set) | 3 |
| Mauritius | Vacoas-Phoenix | 5 |
| Mexico | Cuautitlan Izcalli | 1 |
| Mexico | Ensenada | 1 |
| Mexico | Mazatlan | 2 |
| Mexico | Mexico City | 3 |
| Micronesia | Kolonia | 1 |
| Morocco | Agadir | 1 |
| Morocco | Casablanca | 1 |
| Morocco | Tangier | 1 |
| Netherlands | Houten | 1 |
| Netherlands | Oosterhout | 3 |

| | | |
|------------------|------------------------|-----|
| New Caledonia | Noumea | 1 |
| New Zealand | Wellington | 1 |
| Panama | (not set) | 6 |
| Papua New Guinea | Lae | 2 |
| Papua New Guinea | Port Moresby | 2 |
| Peru | (not set) | 2 |
| Peru | La Victoria | 1 |
| Philippines | General Santos City | 23 |
| Philippines | Las Pinas | 2 |
| Philippines | Manila | 1 |
| Poland | Gorzow Wielkopolski | 1 |
| Poland | Warsaw | 1 |
| Portugal | (not set) | 1 |
| Portugal | Lisbon | 11 |
| Portugal | Tavira | 3 |
| Russia | Kimry | 1 |
| Russia | Saint Petersburg | 1 |
| Russia | Ussuriysk | 1 |
| Saudi Arabia | Riyadh | 2 |
| Senegal | Dakar | 1 |
| Serbia | (not set) | 1 |
| Seychelles | (not set) | 11 |
| Seychelles | Victoria | 9 |
| Singapore | (not set) | 4 |
| Singapore | Singapore | 1 |
| Slovenia | Ljubljana | 1 |
| Solomon Islands | (not set) | 1 |
| Solomon Islands | Honiara | 3 |
| Somalia | Mogadishu | 1 |
| South Africa | Cape Town | 5 |
| South Africa | Johannesburg | 1 |
| South Africa | Sandton | 1 |
| South Korea | Busan | 18 |
| South Korea | Hwaseong-si | 4 |
| South Korea | Seoul | 4 |
| South Korea | Yeongi-gun | 1 |
| Spain | (not set) | 6 |
| Spain | A Coruna | 3 |
| Spain | Adeje | 1 |
| Spain | Alicante | 1 |
| Spain | Barcelona | 3 |
| Spain | Bermeo | 1 |
| Spain | Bilbao | 2 |
| Spain | Cordoba | 8 |
| Spain | Gijon | 2 |
| Spain | Madrid | 372 |
| Spain | Mostoles | 2 |
| Spain | Pontevedra | 3 |
| Spain | Pozuelo de Alarcon | 1 |
| Spain | San Sebastian | 1 |
| Spain | Santiago de Compostela | 1 |
| Spain | Valladolid | 1 |

| | | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----|
| Spain | Vigo | 29 |
| Spain | Vitoria-Gasteiz | 2 |
| Spain | Zamudio | 2 |
| Spain | Zaragoza | 43 |
| Sri Lanka | (not set) | 1 |
| Sweden | Malmo | 1 |
| Sweden | Stockholm | 1 |
| Switzerland | Geneva | 1 |
| Switzerland | Lucerne | 2 |
| Taiwan | (not set) | 232 |
| Taiwan | Keelung City | 2 |
| Taiwan | Tainan City | 1 |
| Tanzania | (not set) | 1 |
| Tanzania | Zanzibar | 2 |
| Thailand | Bangkok | 65 |
| Thailand | Hat Yai | 53 |
| Togo | Lome | 1 |
| Tunisia | Tunis | 1 |
| Turkey | Adana | 1 |
| Ukraine | Kyiv | 1 |
| Ukraine | Mykolaiv | 1 |
| Ukraine | Ukrainka | 1 |
| United Kingdom | (not set) | 2 |
| United Kingdom | Basingstoke | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Birmingham | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Bristol | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Bury Saint Edmunds | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Croydon | 6 |
| United Kingdom | Derby | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Epsom | 19 |
| United Kingdom | Harwell | 67 |
| United Kingdom | Leeds | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Lighthorne | 5 |
| United Kingdom | Liverpool | 1 |
| United Kingdom | London | 60 |
| United Kingdom | Milton Keynes | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Newbury | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Portsmouth | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Reading | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Redditch | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Redhill | 151 |
| United Kingdom | Saint Ives | 1 |
| United Kingdom | Slough | 16 |
| United Kingdom | Stevenage | 3 |
| United States | (not set) | 1 |
| United States | Alexandria | 2 |
| United States | Arlington | 1 |
| United States | Ashburn | 1 |
| United States | Bell Gardens | 1 |
| United States | Boardman | 2 |
| United States | Boca Raton | 2 |
| United States | Cambridge | 1 |
| United States | Clayton | 2 |
| United States | Coalinga | 1 |
| United States | Coffeyville | 1 |
| United States | Cornelius | 2 |

| | | |
|---------------|---------------------|----|
| United States | Croton-on-Hudson | 1 |
| United States | Durham | 1 |
| United States | East Hampton | 2 |
| United States | Fairhaven | 1 |
| United States | Falls Church | 1 |
| United States | Franklin | 1 |
| United States | Honolulu | 5 |
| United States | Houston | 4 |
| United States | Isla Vista | 4 |
| United States | Juneau | 1 |
| United States | Lady Lake | 1 |
| United States | Lake Butler | 6 |
| United States | Lake Forest | 1 |
| United States | Long Beach | 44 |
| United States | Los Angeles | 1 |
| United States | Merced | 7 |
| United States | Miami | 5 |
| United States | Morris Township | 1 |
| United States | Mount Vernon | 2 |
| United States | Nashua | 3 |
| United States | New Bedford | 1 |
| United States | New York | 5 |
| United States | North Bergen | 1 |
| United States | North New Hyde Park | 1 |
| United States | Oakland | 2 |
| United States | Orlando | 2 |
| United States | Pike Creek | 1 |
| United States | Reston | 16 |
| United States | San Diego | 4 |
| United States | San Francisco | 3 |
| United States | Seattle | 4 |
| United States | Silsbee | 2 |
| United States | Silver Spring | 9 |
| United States | Silverdale | 1 |
| United States | Smithfield | 1 |
| United States | St. Petersburg | 3 |
| United States | Washington | 14 |
| Uruguay | (not set) | 1 |
| Uruguay | Montevideo | 39 |
| Venezuela | Barcelona | 1 |
| Venezuela | Valencia | 1 |
| Vietnam | Ho Chi Minh City | 38 |